



NAMAZ E SHAB

The following is an easy-to-do method of offering the Night Prayer that everyone can do:

When you wake up at night, it is recommended to prostrate yourself before Almighty Allah. It is recommended that you say the following doxology (zikr) during or after the prostration:

اَلْحَمْدُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ النَّشُؤرُ النَّشُؤرُ النَّشُؤرُ النَّشُؤرُ النَّشُؤرُ النَّشُؤرُ النَّشُؤرُ النَّشُؤرُ النَّمُ اللهِ المُلْمُولِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ

When you get up and stand up, say the following supplication:

اَللَّهُمَّ اَعِنِّى عَلَى هَوْلِ الْمُطَّلَعِ وَ وَسِّعُ عَلَىَّ الْمَضْجَعَ وَالْمُثَّلِعِ وَ وَسِّعُ عَلَى الْمَضْجَعَ وَالْرُقْنِيْ خَيْرَمَا بَعْدَ الْمَوْتِ ـ

When you hear the sounds of roosters, say the following:

سُبُّوحٌ قُدُّوسٌ رَبُّ الْمَلَآئِكَةِ وَالرُّوحِ سَبَقَتْ رَحْمَتُكَ غَضَبَكَ لَا اللهَ اللهَ الْكَ عَمِلْتُ سُوءًا وَظَلَمْتُ نَفْسِى غَضَبَكَ لَا اللهَ اللهَ اللهَ اللهَ اللهُ عَمِلْتُ سُوءًا وَظَلَمْتُ نَفْسِى فَاغْفِرُ إِلَّا النَّ اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ ال

When you raise your sight towards the sky, say the following supplication:



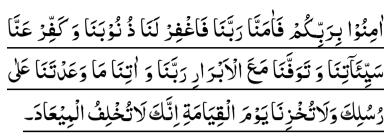




After that, you may recite the following five Quranic verses from SurahAl-'Imran (No. 3):







When you intend to take initiative to the night worship but you need to go to toilet, you may start with it. When you go out of toilet, cleanse your teeth with the traditional stick of Miswak. Afterward, you may perform the ritual ablution as completely as possible and then perfume and ready yourself for the Night Prayer.

THE TIME OF NAMAZ E SHAB

The time of the Night Prayer begins after midnight; yet, it is recommended to perform it as near as possible to dawn (fajr). However, when dawn (fajr) comes while one has still four units of the prayer to perform, one may recite only Surah al-Faatehah in the rest of the prayer.

The Night Prayer consists of eight units of prayer; each two alone. Taslim should be said at the end of each two units with the intention of offering the Night Prayer. It is advisable to repeat Surah al-Tawheed thirty times in each unit of the first couple after reciting Surah al-Faatehah.

By doing such, one's all sins will be forgiven as soon as he finishes the prayer. It is also recommended to recite (after Surah al-Faatehah) Surah al-Tawheed in the first unit and Surah al-Kafirun in the second.

In the other units of the prayer, one may recite any Surah he chooses. However, it is sufficiently acceptable to recite Surah al-Faatehah and Surah al-Tawheed in each unit of





the Night Prayer. It is also permissible to recite Surah al-Faatehah alone.

OUNUT

Like obligatory prayers, it is highly recommended to practice Ounut in the second unit of each couple of the units of supererogatory (mustahab / nafilah) prayers. At least, it is sufficient to repeat the following statement three times in Ounut:

سُبُحَانَ اللهِ۔

It is also sufficient to say this supplicatory prayer:

اَللَّهُمَّ اغْفِرُ لَنَا وَارْحَمْنَا وَ عَافِنَا وَاعْفُ عَنَّا فِي اللَّانْيَا وَ اللَّهُ نَيَا وَ اللَّهُ نَيَا وَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّشَى مِ قَدِيرٌ -

or this supplicatory prayer:

رَبِّ اغْفِرْ وَارْحَمْ وَتَجَاوَزُ عَمَّا تَعْلَمُ إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ الْأَعَزُّ الْآجَلُّ الْآكُومُ ـ

It is narrated that Imam Musa ibn Ja'far al-Kazim (a.s.) used to say the following supplicatory prayer in his night worship:

ٱللَّهُمَّ إِنَّكَ خَلَقْتَنِيُ سَوِيًّا۔

THE SHAF' AND THE WITR PRAYER

When you accomplish the eight-unit Night Prayer, you may then offer the two-unit Shaf' Prayer and the one-unit





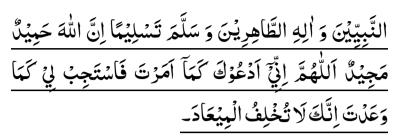
Witr Prayer. In these three units, you are advised to recite, after Surah al-Faatehah, Surah al-Tawheed once so that you may be considered as having recited the entire Qur'an. Narrations have confirmed that Surah al-Tawheed is equivalent to one-third of the Holy Qur'an.

You may also recite in the first unit of the Shaf' Prayer Surah al-Nas (No. 114) and in the second Surah al-Falaq (No. 113).

When you accomplish the Shaf' Prayer, you may say this supplicatory prayer:

اِلْهِيُ تَعَرَّضَ لَكَ فِي هٰذَا اللَّيْلِ الْمُتَعَرِّضُونَ وَ قَصَدَكَ الْقَاصِدُونَ وَ اَمَّلَ فَضَلَكَ وَ مَعْرُوْفَكَ الطَّالِبُونَ وَ لَكَ فَيُ هٰذَا اللَّيْلِ نَفَحَاتٌ وَ جَوَآئِزُ وَ عَطَايَا وَ مَوَاهِبُ تَبُنُّ بِهَا عَلَى مَنْ تَشَاءُ مِنْ عِبَادِكَ وَ تَهْنَعُهَا مَنْ لَمْ تَسْبِقُ لَهُ الْعِنَايَةُ مِنْكَ وَ هَا آنَا ذَا عُبَيْدُكَ الْفَقِيْرُ إِلَيْكَ الْمُؤَمِّلُ فَضْلَكَ وَ مَعْرُوْفَكَ فَإِنْ كُنْتَ يَا مَوْلَايَ تَفَضَّلْتَ فِي هٰذِيهِ اللَّيْلَةِ عَلَىٰ آحَدِ مِنْ خَلْقِكَ وَ عُدْتَ عَلَيْهِ بِعَآئِدَةٍ مِنْ عَطْفِكَ فَصَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدِ وَ اللِّ مُحَمَّدِ وَالطَّيّبِ الطَّاهِرِيْنَ الْخَيِّرِيْنَ الْفَاضِلِيْنَ وَ جُدُ عَلَيَّ بِطَوْلِكَ وَ مَعُرُوْفِكَ يَا رَبُّ الْعَالَمِيْنَ وَ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَى مُحَمَّدِ خَاتَم





This supplicatory prayer has been mentioned in the book of Mafatih al-Jinan within the recommended acts on the fifteenth night of Sha'ban.

Upon accomplishment of the Shaf' Prayer, you may stand up for offering the Witr Prayer. After Surah al-Faatehah, you may recite Surah al-Tawheed once or three times alone or with Surah al-Falaq and Surah al-Nas.

You may then raise your hands for Qunut and implore Almighty Allah for anything you desire.

In the words of Shaykh al-Tusi, the supplications for Qunut are too numerous to be counted. Generally, there are not definite supplications to be said in Qunut, for it is permissible to say anything.

It is also recommended, during Qunut, to weep, or even try to weep, out of fear of Almighty Allah and fear of His chastisement. It is also desirable to pray Almighty Allah for the good of one's brethren-in-faith, for narrations have confirmed that one who prays for the good of forty of his friends shall have all his prayers responded.

Shaykh al-Saduq, in his book of Man-La-Yahduruhul-Faqih, has recorded that the Holy Prophet (s.a.w.a.) used to say the following supplicatory prayer in the Witr Prayer:





اَللَّهُمَّ اهُدِنِ فِيْمَنُ هَدَيْتَ وَ عَافِنِي فِيْمَنُ عَافَيْتَ وَتُولِّنِي فَيْمَنُ عَافَيْتَ وَتُولِّنِي فِيْمَنُ تَولِّيْنَ وَبَارِكُ لِي فِيْمَا اَعْطَيْتَ وَقِنِي شَرَّ مَا قَضَيْتَ فِيْمَنُ تَولِّيُ فَنِي وَلَا يُقْضَى عَلَيْكَ سُبْحَانَكَ رَبَّ الْبَيْتِ فَإِلَّاكَ تَقْضِى وَلَا يُقْضَى عَلَيْكَ سُبْحَانَكَ رَبَّ الْبَيْتِ وَلَا يُقْضَى عَلَيْكَ سُبْحَانَكَ رَبَّ الْبَيْتِ الْبَيْتِ وَلَا يَوْكُ وَلَا يُولُ وَلَا يُؤْلُ وَلَا يَوْلُ وَلَا عَلَيْكَ وَ الْوُمِنُ بِكَ وَاتَوَكَّلُ عَلَيْكَ وَلَا عَلَيْكَ وَلَا عَوْلُ وَلَا قُولُ وَلَا عَلَيْكَ مَا قَصْمَى عَلَيْكَ مِنْ فِي قُولُ وَلَا عَلَيْكَ مِنْ فِي قُولُ وَلَا وَلَا قُولُ وَلَا قُولُ وَلَا قُولُ وَلَا عَلَيْكَ مِنْ فِي فَا قُولُ وَلَا عَلَيْكَ مِنْ فِي فَا وَالْمُؤْلُقُ وَلَا عَلَيْكَ مِنْ فِي فَا وَالْمُؤْلُ وَلَا عَلَيْكُ فَلَا عَلَيْكُ فَلَا عَلَيْكُ فَيْكُ وَلَا وَلِي قُولُونُ وَلَا وَلَا قُولُ وَلَا عَلَيْكُ فَا مُنْ فَا قُولُ وَلَا عَلَيْكُ فَلَا عَلَيْكُ فَلِي فَيْ فِي فَا عَلَى وَقُولُ وَلَا وَلَا قُولُ وَلَا قُولُ وَلَا قُولُ وَلَا قُولُ وَلَا قُلْكُ فَلَا عَلَى اللَّهُ فَيْ قُولُ وَلَا عَلَيْكُ فَلَا عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ فَا قُولُ وَلَا عَلَى الْمُعْلِقُ فَلَا عَلَيْكُ فَلَا عَلَيْكُ فَا عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عِلَى اللّهُ عَلَى ا

It is also highly advisable to repeat the following imploration seventy times and, meanwhile, raise the left hand for supplicating and count with the right hand:

اَسْتَغُفِرُ اللهَ رَبِّي وَ اَتُوْبُ إِلَيْهِ.

It is also narrated that the Holy Prophet (s.a.w.a.) used to implore for Almighty Allah's forgiveness seventy times during the Witr Prayer and then say the following statement:

هٰذَا مَقَامُ الْعَآئِذِ بِكَ مِنَ النَّارِـ

It is also narrated that Imam Ali ibn al-Husayn Zayn al-'Abidin (a.s.) used to repeat the following word three hundred times during the Witr Prayer:

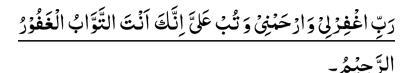
ٱلْعَفُوَ ٱلْعَفُوَ

After that, the Imam (a.s.) would say the following supplicatory prayer:









It is highly advisable to extend your Qunut as long as possible. Thereafter, you go to the ritual genuflection (ruku') of the prayer and when you raise your head, you should say the following supplicatory prayer that Shaykh al-Tusi, in his book of Tahdhib al-Ahkam, reports from Imam Musa ibn Ja'far al-Kazim (a.s.):

هٰذَا مَقَامُ مَنْ حَسَنَاتُهُ نِعْمَةٌ مِنْكَ وَ شُكُرُهُ ضَعِيْفٌ وَ وَخَمَتُكَ فَإِنَّكَ فَنْبُهُ عَظِيْمٌ وَ لَيْسَ لِلْإِلِكَ إِلَّا رِفْقُكَ وَ رَحْمَتُكَ فَإِنَّكَ قُلْتَ فِي كِتَابِكَ الْمُنْزَلِ عَلَى نَبِيِّكَ الْمُرْسَلِ صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ قُلْتَ فِي كِتَابِكَ الْمُنْزَلِ عَلَى نَبِيِّكَ الْمُرْسَلِ صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَلَيْ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ مَنَ اللَّيْلِ مَا يَهْجَعُونَ وَبِالْاَسْحَارِهُمُ وَ الله كَانُوا قَلِيلًا مِنَ اللَّيْلِ مَا يَهْجَعُونَ وَبِالْاَسْحَارِهُمُ لَيْ الله كَانُوا قَلِيلًا مِنَ اللَّيْلِ مَا يَهْجَعُونَ وَبِالْاَسْحَرُ وَ الله كَانُوا السَّحَرُ وَ اللهُ اللهَ عَلَيْهِ مَنْ اللّهُ وَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَ

You may then prostrate yourself and accomplish the prayer. After the accomplishment, you may say Tasbih al-Zahra'. After that, you may say the following doxology (zikr):







You may then repeat the following doxology (zikr) three times:

سُبْحَانَ رَبِّ الْمَلِكِ الْقُدُّوسِ الْعَزِيْزِ الْحَكِيْمِ ـ

You may then say the following supplicatory prayer:

يَا حَيُّ يَا قَيُّوْمُ ، يَا بَرُّ يَا رَحِيْمُ يَا غَنِیُّ يَا كَرِيْمُ أُرُزُقُنِیُ مِنَ التِّجَارَةِ اَعْظَمَهَا فَضُلَّ وَ اَوْ سَعَهَا رِزْقًا وَ خَيْرَهَا لِيُ عَاقِبَةً لَهُ لَهُ لَا خَيْرُ فِيْمَا لَا عَاقِبَةً لَهُ لَا خَيْرُ فِيْمَا لَا عَاقِبَةً لَهُ لَا خَيْرُ فِيْمَا لَا عَاقِبَةً لَهُ لَا خَيْرُ فَيْمَا لَا عَاقِبَةً لَهُ لَا خَيْرُ فَيْمَا لَا عَاقِبَةً لَهُ لَا غَيْرُ فَيْمَا لَا عَلَيْمَا لَا عَلَيْهَا فَعْلَمْ فَلَا قَبْلَا فَعْلَمْ فَا عَلَيْمَا لَا عَاقِبَةً لَا فَعْلَمْ فَا لَا عَلَيْمَا لَا عَلَيْهَا فَعْلَمْ فَا فَا فَالْمُ لَا عَلَيْمَا لَا عَاقِبَةً لَا فَا فَا فَا فَا لَا عَلَيْمَا لَا عَلَيْمَا لَا عَلَيْمَا لَا عَلَيْمَا لَا عَلَيْمَ لَا عَلَيْمَا لَا عَلَيْمَ لَا عَلَيْمُ لَا فَيْمَا لَا عَلَيْمِيْهُ لَا غَيْمُ لَا عَلَيْمُ لَا فَالْكُولُونُ فَا فَا فَالْمُ لَا عَلَيْمُ لَا فَالْمُ لَا عَلَيْمُ لَا عَلَيْمُ لَا فَيْمُ لَا لَا عَلَيْمُ لَا غَيْمُ لَا غَيْمُ لَا عَلَيْمُ لَا عَلَيْكُوا لَا عَلَيْمُ لَا عَلَيْكُوا لَا عَلَامُ لَا عَلَالْمُ لَا عَلَيْمُ لَا عَلَامُ لَا عَلَيْمُ

It is also highly advisable to say the following supplicatory prayer, which is called Dua al-Hazin (The Supplication of the Sad):

أَنَاجِيْكَ يَامَوْجُوْدً فِي كُلِّ مَكَانٍ لَعَلَّكَ تَسْبَعُ نِهَ آئِي فَقَلُ عَظْمَ جُرُمِي وَ قَلَّ حَيَآئِي يَا مَوْلَاى آئَ الْأَهُوالِ اَتَنَكَّرُ وَ عَظْمَ جُرُمِي وَ قَلَّ حَيَآئِي يَا مَوْلَاى آئَ الْأَهُوالِ اَتَنَكَّرُ وَ اللّهُ اللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَمَا بَعُلَ اللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ مَنْ وَإِلّى مَنْ وَاللّهُ مَنْ وَإِلّى مَنْ الْخُولِي عَلْمَ الْخُولِي عَلَى مَنْ وَإِلّى مَنْ الْخُولِي اللّهُ مِنْ الْخُولِي اللّهُ مِنْ الْخُولِي اللّهُ مِنْ وَالْحَوْلُ اللّهُ مِنْ وَالْحَوْلُ اللّهُ مِنْ وَالْحَوْلُ اللّهُ مِنْ وَالْحَوْلُ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مِنْ وَالْحَوْلُ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مُنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ اللّهُ مُنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مَنْ اللّهُ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّه

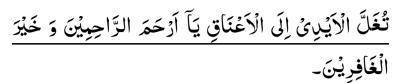




هَوًى قَلُ غَلَبَنِي وَمِنْ عَلُوّ قَدِ اسْتَكُلَبَ عَلَىَّ وَمِنْ دُنْيَا قَلُ تَزَيَّنَتُ لِيْ وَ مِنْ نَفْسِ اَمَّارَةِ بِالسُّوْءِ اِلَّا مَا رَحِمَ رَبِّي مَوْلَايَ يَا مَوْلَايَ إِنْ كُنْتَ رَحِمْتَ مِثْلِيْ فَارْحَمْنِيْ وَ إِنْ كُنْتَ قَبِلْتَ مِثْلِي فَاقْبَلْنِي يَا قَابِلَ السَّحَرَةِ اقْبَلْنِي يَا مَنُ لَمْ ازَلُ اتَّعَرَّفُ مِنْهُ الْحُسْنَى يَا مَنْ يُغَذِّينِي بالنِّعَمِ صَبَاحًا وَ مَسَاءً إِرْحَمْنِي يَوْمَ اتِيْكَ فَرُدًا شَاخِصًا إِلَيْكَ بَصَرِي مُقَلَّدًا عَمَلِي قَلْ تَبَرَّا جَمِيعُ الْخَلْقِ مِنِّي نَعَمْ وَ أَبِي وَ أُمِّي ۚ وَ مَنْ كَانَ لَهُ كَدِّي وَ سَعْبِي فَإِنْ لَمْ تَرْحَمْنِي فَمَنْ يَرْحَمُنِيُ وَ مَنْ يُؤْنِسُ فِي الْقَبْرِ وَحْشَتِي وَ مَنْ يُنْطِقُ لِسَانِيُ إِذَا خَلُوتُ بِعَمَلِي وَسَأَلْتَنِي عَبَّا آنْتَ اَعْلَمُ بِهِ مِنِّي فَإِنْ قُلْتُ نَعَمْ فَأَيْنَ الْمَهْرَبُ مِنْ عَدْلِكَ وَإِنْ قُلْتُ لَمْ أَفْعَلُ قُلْتَ أَلَمُ أَكُنِ الشَّاهِلَ عَلَيْكَ فَعَفُوكَ عَفُوكَ يَا مَوْلَايَ قَبْلَ سَرَابِيْلِ الْقَطِرَانِ عَفُوْكَ عَفُوْكَ يَا مَوْلَايَ قَبْلَ جَهَنَّمَ وَ النِّيرَانِ عَفُوكَ عَفُوكَ يَا مَوْلَايَ قَبْلَ أَنْ







This supplicatory prayer will be mentioned in the appendixes of Mafatih al-Jinan.

You may then prostrate yourself and repeat the following doxology (zikr) five times:

سُبُّوْحٌ قُدُّوْسٌ، رَبُّ الْمَلاَئِكَةِ وَ الرُّوْحِ

You may then sit and recite Ayah al-Kursi after which you may return to the prostration position and repeat the aforesaid doxology (zikr) five times again.



